mons, chagrined at fuch an Infringement of their Digprinty, have referred the Proposal; from which the Priesds of America are led to hope, that the prefent selion may discover some Signs of Penitence in the Parents for the Distresses the has brought on her

peal as long as America shall think that their Threats are to oblige a Compliance; however, we hope a little Patience will bring it about, every Thing being done, that is in the Power of your Friends here, to effect it, and as speedy as the Nature of the Case will admit."

February 4, 1769. "Indeed the Face of Politics wears a melancholy Aspect at present, and what will be the Issue, Heaven alone can cell. While the Colonies are in an Uproar about their Liberties, the People here are enraged, almost their Liberties, the People here are enraged, almost to a Degree of Desperation, at seeing their Rights infringed in the Person of Mr. Wilkes, who was Yesterday expelled the House of Commons by a Majority of ros. Nothing so much alarms the Merchants here, as your Resolutions to import no more Goods, which will have a more falutary Insuence, than all the Mob Triumphs in the World."

February 6, 1769.
"The Doors of the House of Commons are now that against every Body but Members.—Whilst the Legislature hath many important Matters to attend to, which require immediate Discussion, the Commons were employed all last Week, Night and Day (for they fat every Day 'til Two, Three or Four in the Morning) on Mr. Wilkes's Affair; and on Saturday (the Fourth) he was expelled between Two and Three in the Morning. He avowed the prefatory Remarks to Lord Weymouth's Letter, which is the first Reason assigned in the following Resolution for his Expulsion, which is copied from their Journals, viz.

"That John Wilkes, Efg; a Member of this House, who hath, at the Bar of this House, confessed himself to be the Author and Publisher of what this House has resolved to be an insolent, scandalous and seditious Libel, and who has been convicted in the Court of King's Bench, of having printed and published a seditious Libel, and Three obscene and impious Libels, and, by the Judgment of the said Court, has been sentenced to undergo Twenty-Two Months Imprisonment, and is now in Execution under the faid Judg-ment, be expelled this House.

ment, be expelled this Moule.

"This Relolution was carried, upon a Division, by 219 to 137, and a new Writ is iffued for electing another Member in his Room. But as they passed no Vote of Disqualification, he will doubtless be re chosen, and in that Cate this Business will be, in Part, to do over again; so far I mean, as respects the Propriety of his fitting in the House.
"George Grenville was among those who voted a

"George Grenville was among those who voted against his Expulsion; observing, that upon the first Point, respecting Lord Weymouth, it was an Offence against a private Man, and was cognizable and punishable by the common Law; and that with regard to the other Two, he was now suffering the Judgment of the Court of King's Bench; that he wished lenitive Measures to be followed, in order to quiet the Minds of the Public, and to render him of no Consequence; and that Wilkes himself was so sensible of this, that he that Wilkes himself was so sensible of this, that he wished for nothing more ardently than Persecution, and would be disappointed, if he had it not.

"Thus this Matter stands at present. Wilkes hath fince published a most extraordinary Address to the Freeholders of Middlesex, a Copy of which I send you. He feems now to be absolutely desperate, and resolved either to bring down upon his Head the whole Vengeance of the Legislature, or to bully the Ministry into an Accommodation with him.—We shall see how it will terminate."

To the Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of M I D D L E S E X.

GENTLEMEN, THE Proceedings of Yesterday in the House of Commons, fill me with the deepest Concern, and I can truly fay, much more on your Account, than my own. I cannot be deprived of the Glory of having been chosen a Representative in Parliament for the first been chosen a Representative in Parliament for the line County in England; but I feel with anguish of Heart, that the present Ministry have found Means to suspend for some Time the Plan of Usefulness to my Constituents, and Service to this Kingdom, which I had meditated. What adds however the most to my Grief, is, the melancholy Reslection, that by my Expussion, the Maintain have thus openly shown, that they entertain Ministry, have thus openly shewn, that they entertain no Scruple of violating the facred Rights of the People, even in the most important Case, that of having a Deeven in the most important Case, that of having a Deputy nominated by themselves to the great Council of the Nation. They have, in the Instance of Yesterday, robbed a very respectable Part of this Kingdom of their noblest inheritance, of their Share in the legislative Power. No Set of Men in this Country have hitherto ventured so grossly to abuse the Trust reposed in them, nor to give so fatal a Stab to the Vitals of our Country. The threatning Aspect of all our public Affairs, does not present any Thing equally alarming, except in the late Instance of Russians hired to be your Assassing, and the Murderers of the Constitution at our last Country Election, whom public Justice, and an honest English Jury, have hitherto in vain sentenced to Death. I think with Horror on what we may in future dread for the Liberties of all the Commons of Great-Britain, from so despotic an Administration; if our gracious Sovereign should much longer continue to our gracious Sovereign should much longer continue to them the Power of the State. 罗尔尔的温度 中国生 外。

Permit me, Gentlemen, to renew to you the Affurances of inviolable Attachment to your Service, and the Cause of Liberty, to which my Life is dedicated. My Courage is not appalled, nor my Spirit in the least abated. I will carry with me to the Grave an unshaken Fidshiy and ardent Affections to you, and to this Country, an invincible Hatred and Opposition to its Enemies. I hope still to give you surther Proofs of my Enemies. I hope fill to give you further Proofs of my Sentiments by my parliamentary Conduct. I flatter myfelf that the Relation between us, which substited Yesterday, although now dissolved by the Violence of arbitrary Ministers, will, in a short Time, again take Place. Every Mark of your Regard I shall value in a high Degree, and I trust that my Conduct will convince you, that I am not quite unworthy of the Choice, which I have now the Honour of humbly soliciting.

am strongly influenced on this Occasion by a particular Reason, which strikes me very forcibly, and I be-lieve will have the greatest Weight with you. It is, that by a Second Choice of me, for this County, you, Gentlemen, the independent Freeholders, will affert the clear Right you derive from the Constitution, of naming your own Representatives. If Ministers can naming your own Representatives. It Ministers can once usure the Power of declaring who fball net be your. Representative, the next Step is very easy, and will follow speedily. It is that of telling you, whom you fball tend to Parliament, and then the boasted Constitution of England will be entirely torn up by the Roots. The Parliaments of Great-Britain will become not only as insensitional as those of France. A meet Roots. The Parliaments of Great-Britain will decome net only as infignificent as those of France, a meer state Engine of Government, but a grievous Burthen and infinite Mischief to the Nation. The present great Criss affords the Opportunity of asserting your most valuable Privileges, and of shewing yourselves superior to the insolent Mandates of a Minister, who has the Presimption to treat Englishmen as Slaves.

Presumption to treat Englishmen as Slaves.

The Rights of this free Kingdom, Gentlemen, have been frequently violated in my Person. You have now in me the Opportunity of vindicating them, and I hope, without the Reproach of Vanity, I may add, that my Firmness in the Support of our common Liberty, under Circum Array berty, under Circumstances equally perilous and intricate, has fecured me your Confidence, and will be con-fidered by you as a Proof that you may again safely honour me with this fiest Testimony of your Esteem, the chusing me a Second Time the Representative of my native County in Parliament.

I am, Gentlemen,

with true Regard and Gratitude, your most obedient, and assectionate humble Servant,

JOHN WILKES.

King's-Bench Prison, Saturday Feb. 4, 1769.

The other Accounts we have, relative to American The other Accounts we have, relative to American Affairs, are in general, That the' there be no immediate Prospect of Redress, yet that the wished for Period, it is thought, is nearer than many imagine; for it is observed, the Opinion, which had but too much prevailed, of raising Taxes on America, seems given up by many, from a Persuasion of its being erroneous, and by others, as a Measure that will not answer the intended Purpose—That, therefore, altho' there he no

tended Purpose—That, therefore, altho there be no Probability of P——t reversing the Declaratory AB, it is not likely that any M——r will hereafter attempt to make Use of it to the Purposes of Charles Townshend; and that that Burthen, it is believed, will soon be removed. That the present Opposition to the immediate Repeal

of the late Revenue Act, arises from the Offence taken at its being infifed on, with Threats, from this Side, which is confidered, by some of our zealsus Friends in P—t, as an improper Measure, and inclines them less to country the Polyton of the threats are married. tenance an immediate Redress, tho' they have it warmly at Heart to be done in, what they call, "a due Time." That, however, it is thought, it will be effected; and that the Continuation of a prudent and temperate Conduct, will be the most sure Means of accelerating it. That nothing has added to the Difficulty of this Work, more than the Merchants of one Province having fent their Orders conditionally, at the same Time that their their Orders commency, at the same 1 ime that their near Neighbours determined to have their Goods at all Events.— That this, with Advices from respectable Characters on this Continent, that a considerable Part of it cannot long subsifit without Supplies from England, had very much decreased the Fears of many in that Respect, and raised in others the Opinion, that if such a Trial of Strength is ever to be made, it may be as well done now, as at any other Time, especially as it is ima-gined that our Markets are so overstocked with Goods, that giving us Time to consume them, will ultimately he advantageous to England.

be advantageous to England.

By Captain Buckley, from Gibraltar, we learn, that the Emperor of Morocco was going with an Army of 100,000 Men against Mazegon, a Settlement belonging to the Portuguese, on the Coast of Barbary, and that he intended to storm it on the 6th of last Month; that all the English Consuls on the Barbary Coast were arrived at Gibraltar, at which Place 6 or 8 Sail of New-England Vessels had been lying some Time, as the Trade with the Moors is entirely stopped till Matters are settled with the English; that 6 or 8 Sail of English Vessels were lately soft in a Gale of Wind, at Magadore, but he does not know to what Ports they belonged; and that Captain Waddel, in a Start for dore, but he does not know to what Ports they be-longed; and that Captain Waddel, in a Sloop from New-York, arrived at Gibraltar in 39 Days.—Captain Buckley, on the 16th Inflant, in Laf. 18 : 12, Lon. 62: 39, poke a Snow with Paffengers for Penfatola, all well, but he could not learn the Mafter's Name. does not know to what Ports they be-

Extract of a Letter from London, dated February ** The House of Commons have concurred with the House of Lords in fundry Recoives, centuring the Conduct of the Bostonians, and in an Address, to have the Authors of any Treason that may have been committed at Boston, brought over here for Trial. And this seems all that will be done for America, till some fresh Matters are surnished from thence.

Extrad of a Letter from London, dated February 6. As The Report of the Resolutions regarding America, having been deferred 'til next Wednesday, on Account of Mr. Wilkes's Affairs being brought into Parliament, I shall send you them a few Days bence.

Thus much I can now say of them, that they tend to enforce all the Laws of Trade and Revenue. and there is not the least Profpect of the Afte be

repealed.

Wilkes was expell'd the House last Saturd, but its confidently said he will be rechosen for led diesex.

dlefex.

Extract of a Letter from London, dated February.

"Things draw towards a Crifis; the Ministry is med by all modernte Men.—The Minority increasing in the City of London meet this Week to give in firedions to their Members—Many other Country probably will follow the Example, and, I hope, modern and constitutional Measures will prevail, probably a without some further Struggles. The Proceedings in without some further Struggles.

and conflictional Measures will prevail, probably a without some further Struggles. The Proceedings a lating to America will be taken Notice of the lating to America will be taken Notice of the lating to America will be taken Notice of the Extra3 of a Letter from Gibrallar, Fibruary, and An Order has been lately transmitted from the Secretary of State's Office, to the Governor of the Place, and Minorca; and all the Consuls in Portegl Spain, and Italy; to inform themselves of all the American Vessels that call at their respective Ports, is Cargoes they bring, and those they return with, and to report those Particulars to the said Office.

ANNAPOLIS, April 6. At Mr. VERLING's Benefit, on Saturday next, will be performed Solos on the Violin and Harpstoord, and feveral Tunes on the Musical Glasses, by Mr. L. Argen

HE MANAGERS of the LOTTERY, for raifing the Sum of Six Hundred Dollars, to finish the Market-House, and Town-Hall, in Frederick-Tean Frederick County, give Notice, That they will cantainly begin drawing the fame, on Wednesday the 3d Day of May next. Those Gentlemen, who were so obliging as to affish in the Sale of Tickets, are requested to make Returns as speedily as possible.

To be SOLD, very reasonable, and now lying in the DOCK of ANNAPOLIS, HE HULL of a new decked BOAT, with Spin, and a well feafoned White Oak Frame, 25 Feet Keel, 101 Feet Beam, 3 Feet 9 Inches Hold, in the Clear. She has been on the Stocks upwards of 13

Months, and will make a good Packet Boat. For further Particulars, apply to FRANCIS FAIRBROTHER.

HE Subscriber takes this Method to inform his Acquaintances in particular, and the Public in general, that he has supplied himself with every Requisite fit for the Accommodation of Gentlemen Travellers, and others, who think proper to favor him with their Commands, as they may depend on being used in the most civil Manner, as he shall always be emulous to please: And he further inform, that he has a good Plot of Grass, for Horses, near his House, it being the same wherein Mr. John lack formerly lived, near the Battery in Annapolis

BERIAH MAYBERRY. N. B. He has one of the completest Boats belong ing to Annapolis, burthen about 600 Bushels, fails fail, well found, and is calculated for Paffengers. She

may be had on the shortest Notice.

Queen-Anne's County, March 11, 1769. HEREAS William Sledmore Morgan, of Talba County, in the Province of Maryland, Planter, died intestate: And, forasmuch, as that Administra-tion of the Goods and Chattles of said Morgan, to Richard Morgan, Son of the faid deceased, an Infant, under the Age of Seventeen Years, of Right ought to be committed; but, forasmuch, as the said Richard Morgan, because of his Age, aforesaid, cannot take the faid Administration upon him, Therefore, I here-by give Notice, that on the Eighth Day of this prefent Month of March, was granted unto me, (during the Minority of faid Infant) full Power and Authority, to administer, all and singular, the Goods, Chattles, and Credits, of the said deceased. As I am unacquainted with the Relations and Creditors of the said deceased, I take this Method to request Two of the nearest of Kin, and Two of the greatest Conditions. Creditors, to attend at Dr. Lodman Elbert's Dwelling-House, on the First Day of May next, in order to fign the Inventory, as the Law directs. Those who have any Demands against the faid Estate, are defired to bring them in that the law that to bring them in, that they may be fettled, by JOSEPH SMY TH, Administrator.

Annapolit, March 30, 1769.

THE Subscriber having taken out Letters of Administration, on the Estate of her late Husband, Thomas Williamson, of this City, deceased, requests all the Creditors of the deceased, to give her Notice of their several Claims, that she may thereby be enabled to ascertain the Amount of the whole Debts, and give the Preservine, in the first Payment, to those, who, by Law, are entitled to the same. All Persons indebted to the said Estate, are desired to make speedy Payment. She requests the Indulgence of the several Cleditors, that they will give her Time, as it is her latention to complete the Administration as soon as the possibly can.

ELEANOR WILLIAMSON, Administrativa.

STOLEN, or STRAYED, in October last, from the Plantation of the Subscriber, living near the Great Falls of Patrowack, a bay GELDING, about 14 Hands high, with a blaze Face, branded on the Brands high, with a blaze Face, branded on the Brands high, with a blaze Face, branded on the Brands high. 14 France night, with a blaze Face, branded on inches Buttock, 10, the imperfect, and one, or both of his hind Feet white; he has been used to the Draught, is about Six Years old, and paces. Whoever delivers the faid Gelding to the Subscriber, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward.

(w6)

ARCHIBALD ORMS. LONDON,
THIS is to give Notice to all who
That I, FRANCIS BREEWOO
in the Fields, in the County of Mid
did, by my Letter of Attorney, be
about July the 6th, 1765, conflicte.
Hust of Philadelphia, Merchant,
Attorney, with full Powers to fue fo
ceive Possession of, my real Estate,
Manor, in Baltimore County, in Ma
to me, as Heir at Law to the same,
Rents and Profits thereof; as likew
cover, and receive all Sums of Mone
to the personal Estate of my late
to the personal Estate of my late
BREEWOOD, senior, Esquire, and BEFREWOOD, fenior, Esquire, and LIAM BREREWOOD, deceased—N certified, that I have, this Day, revo ter of Attorney, and every Article, therein contained, and that the fan made void and null, which being c Lord Mayor of London, is record Lord Mayor of London, is record office, for the Register of Deeds, in now accordingly published, that nay Way indebted to me, may be and, that they may have no further action with the said John Hunt, o I shall not allow of the same.

Witness my Hand, FRA.

JOLLYRO FINE Country-bred Horse, i high, will cover this Seafor ber's, for FORTY SHILLINGS, an PENCE to the Keeper. The Money the Mares are taken away. For I Foal will be infured. Good Paftu Foal will be intured for Two Shillings and Sixpence per JO

0 $\mathbf{E} \cdot \mathbf{A}$ C STANDS, this Scason, at Mr. and will cover MARES at T they are not pastured, if pastured

Mares to be received, unless the ...(v them. R AN away, on the 2d Inft. fro at Annapolis, a Sailor, named 25 Years of Age, Five Feet Eight I his own brown Hair, is pitted with carbuncled Face, and looks pleafan

he went away, an old green Jacket Whoever apprehends the above J cures him, so that the Subscribe shall have Two Pistoles Reward, 1

Baltimore-Town

R AN away from the Subscribers, Servant Men, viz, JOHN OV Years of Age, 5 Feet high, by Trad Maker, and has short brown curl'd took with him when he went away, O Swanskin Jacket, spotted with red, a with Brais Buttons, a Broad-Cloth light Colour, a Pair of blue Breec Stockings, One of a yellowish Colour a coarse grey, a Pair of Country Brass Buckles. He may have severa much given to Liquor, and when dr

william SHEPHERD, about the high, Nineteen Years of Age, be Maker, of a dark Complexion, black curl'd Hair, stoops a little in his Wal Toes: Had on and took with him, w brown Bearskin Surtout Coat, boun row Binding, a coarfe brown clofe-bo under the Arms with light grey, Waistcoat, a Pair of black Stocking

Waistcoat, a Pair of black Stocking of light blue Stockings. Country-rearer Felt Hat, with a Slit in the C took an English Crown Piece of Quee Whoever takes up faid Servants, gence to Jacob Miers, in faid Town, may have them again, shall receive Shillings, if in, or near Town, an Twelve Miles from home, and if of Five Pounds for each, paid by (1f) ACOB MYERS & B. The faid John Owings. can wand may probably forge a Pass.

TAKEN up, near Swan-Point, by Stephen Glarvill, a finall
15 Feet long, and about 3 Feet wid
one old Paddle, One short Oar, a
ful to her Stem, about Six Feet lon
wife a Cafe-Bottle in her, with for
The Owner may have Idis latto
perty, and paying Charges;

THERE is at the Plantation living near Hanfon's Ferry, over, in Frederick County, a black I and an Half Handa high, paces nat the near Shoulder, I, and on the I hase Years old.

The Owner may have him again perty and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of taken up as a Stray, a bay I had high, branded on the off Stock, thus, S.M. a blaze Face, himd Leg white, with a very sough The Owner may have him again, and paying Charges.